

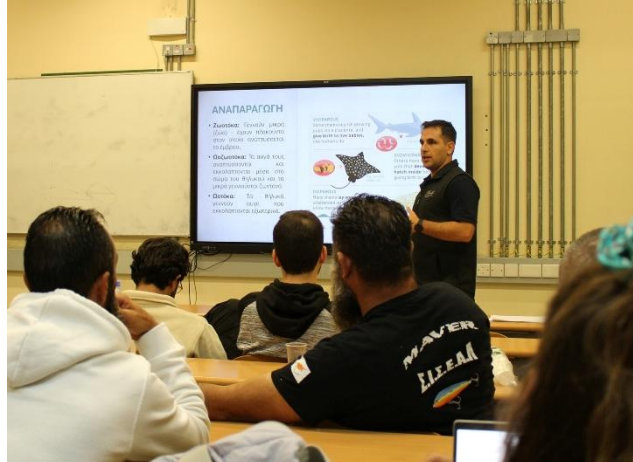
Elasmobranchs actions in Cyprus: Evaluating the efficacy of circle hooks to reduce elasmobranch bycatch in Cyprus' surface longline fisheries



www.elifeproject.eu



Periklis Kleitou
pkleitou@merresearch.com



Local & national information campaigns

Summary of Outreach and Educational Activities in Greece and Cyprus



- 2 peer-to-peer seminars with university students
- 1 educational event with scouts
- 2 educational workshops with primary schools
- 10 awareness events for Shark Awareness Day (4 held in schools, 6 targeting the general public)
- 2 awareness events for the general public during European Researchers' Night
- 2 peer-to-peer training sessions with small-scale fishers
- 2 awareness events specifically for small-scale fishers
- 3 workshops with recreational fishers
- 1 information campaign targeting recreational fishers
- 4 workshops with fisheries stakeholders focused on legislation and conservation awareness
- Participation in conferences and other events



'Shark and Ray Identification Workshops for National Authorities in the Republic of Cyprus'

- Delivered **1 online** and **2 in-person** workshops for national authorities.
- Aimed at strengthening **shark and ray identification skills** among DFMR controllers and scientific observers.
- **45+ participants** from DFMR attended.
- Organised by MER with **Monica Barone (FAO)**, iSea, and **DFMR**.
- Sessions improved recognition of threatened species and supported more effective compliance, with active exchange between trainers and controllers.



Action E3: Replicability actions in Cyprus

Activity: E.3.2. Replicability of innovative and low impact longline

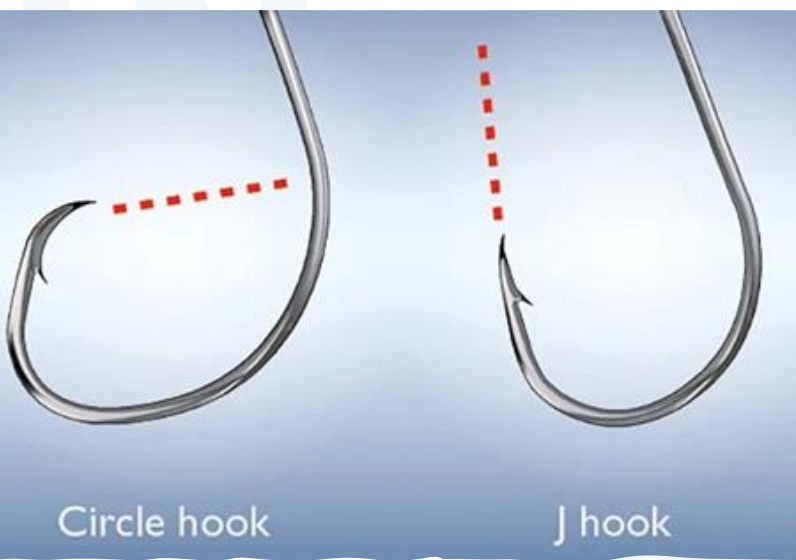
- ✓ Explored innovative gear modifications to mitigate bycatch and post-release mortality in Cyprus' surface longline fisheries, focusing on the efficacy of circle hooks.



Why circle hooks ?

- ✓ Studies show no significant difference between J hooks and Circle hooks on type of catch, or post mortality rates of bycatch.

- ✓ Studies indicate that circle hooks decrease bycatch by up to 60 % due to their design.
- ✓ Improved post-release survival as they minimize deep hooking which improves



Fishing gear modifications to reduce elasmobranch mortality in pelagic and bottom longline fisheries off Northeast Brazil

April 2011

DOI: [10.5343/bms.2012.1031](https://doi.org/10.5343/bms.2012.1031)

Conference: International Symposium on Circle Hooks in Research, Management and Conservation - At: Bethesda, USA

Fábio Hazin · Felipe Carvalho · Jose C Pacheco · [Show all 8 authors](#) · André S. Afonso



Fisheries Research
Volume 107, Issues 1–3, January 2011, Pages 39–45



A comparison of circle hook and J hook performance in a western equatorial Atlantic Ocean pelagic longline fishery

J.C. Pacheco ^a, D.W. Kerstetter ^b, F.H. Hazin ^c, Humberto Hazin ^a, R.S.S.L. Segundo ^c, J.E. Graves ^d, F. Carvalho ^a, P.E. Travassos ^b

Mitigating effects on target and by-catch species fished by drifting longlines using circle hooks in the South Adriatic Sea (Central Mediterranean)

Pierluigi Carbonara¹ · Giulia Prato² · Simone Niedermüller³ · Sébastien Alfonso^{1*} · Cosmidano Neglia² · Mariela Donnalio² · Giuseppe Lembo² · Maria Teresa Spedicato²

Are circle hooks effective management measures in the pelagic longline fishery for sharks in the Gulf of Gabès?

Bechir Saidi · Khaled Echwiki, Samira Enajjar, Sami Karaa, Imed Jribi, Mohamed N. Bradai

First published: 07 March 2020 | <https://doi.org/10.1002/aqc.3315> | Citations: 3

CURRENT SITUATION - CYPRUS

- **Onboard expeditions with pelagic longlines** have been conducted between **19/04/2024 – 0/06/2024**
- **Number of trials:** 14 fishing trials conducted in collaboration with local longline fishers.
- **Trips:** Southeastern **Cyprus**, 35 nm each.
- **Hook types tested:**
 - ✓ **450 J-hooks** and **450 circle hooks** used per trial to compare performance.
- **Bait used:**
 - ✓ **Mackerel** and **artificial squid** to attract both target and non-target species.

AIM: Explore innovative gear modifications to mitigate bycatch and post-release mortality in Cyprus' surface longline fisheries, focusing on the efficacy of circle hooks.



METHODOLOGY

Size measurements (morphometrics):

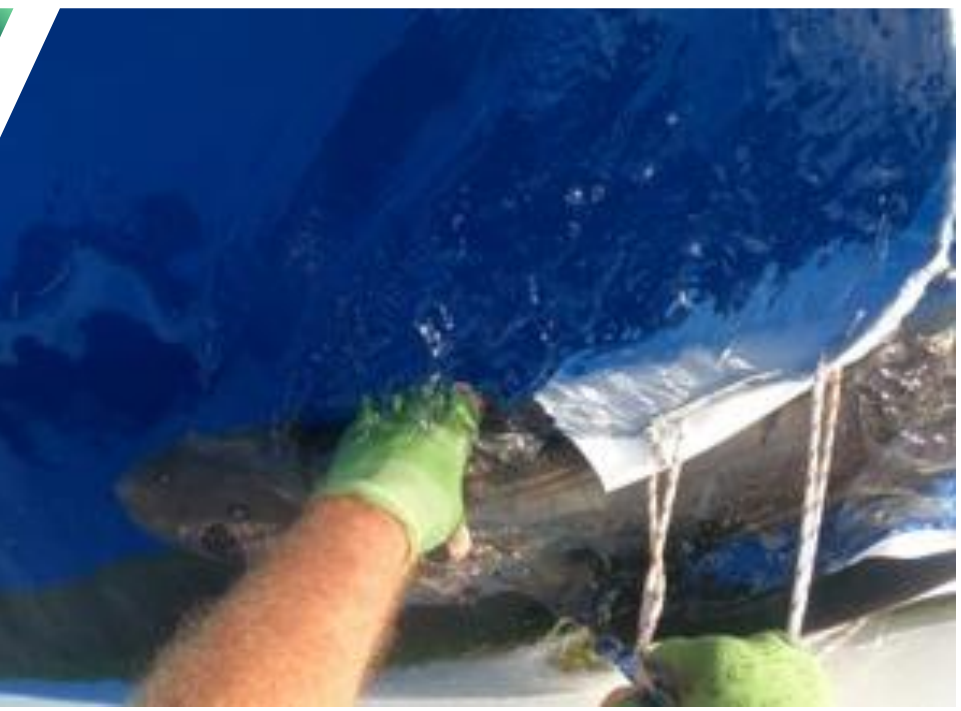
- Total Length (TL)
- Fork Length (FL)
- Curved Fork Length (CFL)
- Curved Lower Jaw Fork Length (CLD)
- Type of hook used
- Location of catch
- Bait type
- State of specimen (Alive / dead)





- **MiniPAT pop-up tags:** Deployed on sharks greater than 1m in length.
 - ✓ **Purpose:** To track post-release behavior and movement patterns.
 - ✓ **Data logged:** Depth, temperature, and migratory routes, providing insights into survival rates and post-release recovery.
- **Fin clip and muscle biopsy:** Collected from selected specimens for genetic and health assessments.
 - ✓ **Purpose:** To study population genetics, stock identification, and physiological condition of captured species.





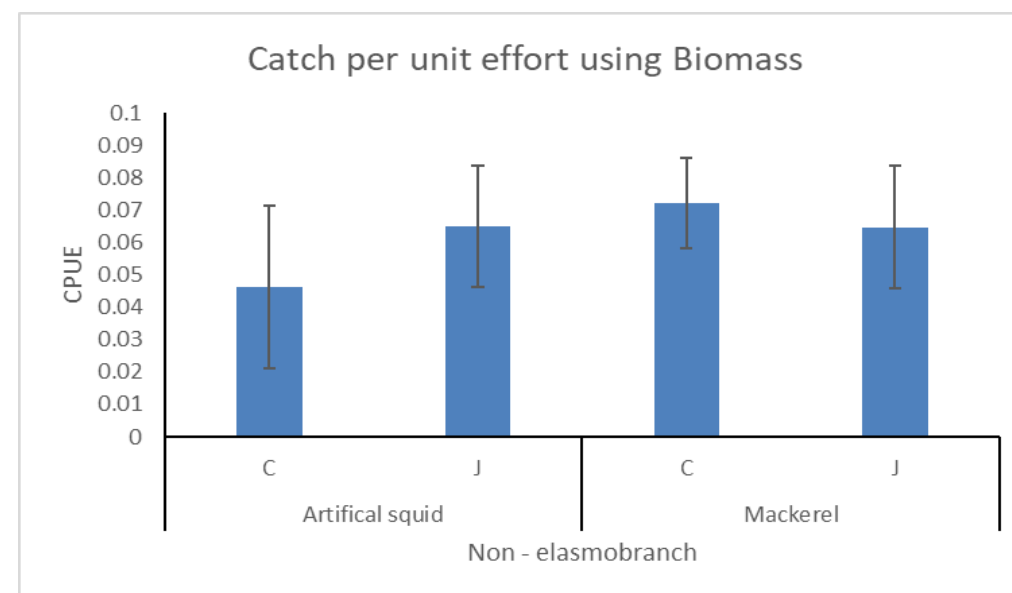
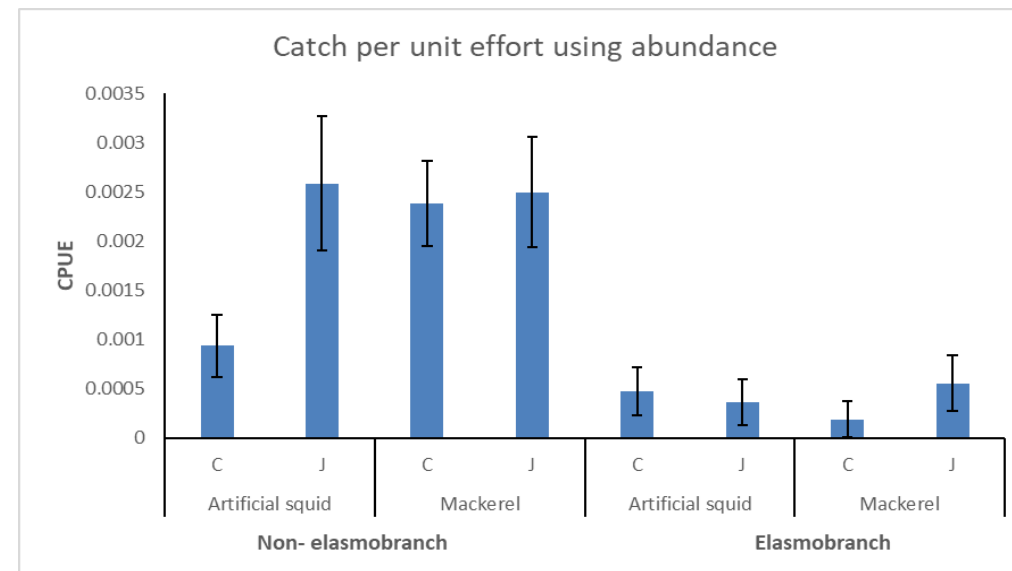
Results

10 Elasmobranch species (6 *A. superciliosus*, 3 *P. glauca*, and 1 *I. oxyrinchus*)

- 40% on Circle hooks
- 60% on J hooks
- 50% on Artificial squid / Mackerel

46 non-elasmobranch species (36 *X. gladius*, 2 *T. thunnus*, 2 *C. hippurus*, 3 *T. belone*)

- 58.7% on J hooks
- 41.3% on Circle hooks
- 60.8% on Mackerel
- 39.1% on Artificial squid

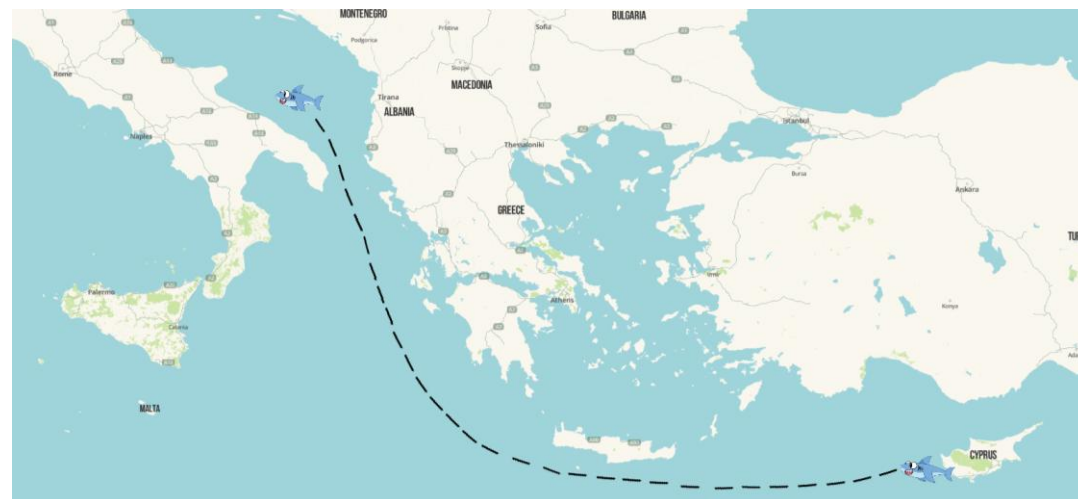


Activity: E.3.2. Replicability of innovative and low impact longline

4 sharks were equipped with satellite tags
(3 *A. superciliosus* and 1 *I. oxyrinchus*).

I. oxyrinchus in four months traveled from
Cyprus to Italy.

Working with fishers to collect more fishery
independent data, further evaluating the efficacy of
circled hooks and alternative baits



A silhouette of a fisherman on a boat at sunset. The fisherman is on the left, wearing a cap and holding a fishing line with a lure. The background shows the ocean and a sunset sky. A white wavy line is positioned below the text.

*For questions, please contact at
pkleitou@merresearch.com*